Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis Together with Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

June 30, 2017 and 2016

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Trustees of **New Jersey Institute of Technology**:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of New Jersey Institute of Technology (the University), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the University's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the business-type activities of New Jersey Institute of Technology as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis included on pages 3 through 13 and the Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Last 10 Years and the Schedules of Employer Contributions - Last 10 Years included on pages 49 and 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such supplementary information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. This required supplementary information is the responsibility of management. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. These limited procedures consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Last 10 Years, and the Schedules of Employer Contributions – Last 10 Years information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Iselin, New Jersey October 20, 2017

GRANT ThORNTON LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis provides an analytical overview of the financial position and activities of New Jersey Institute of Technology (NJIT), Foundation at New Jersey Institute of Technology (Foundation), New Jersey Innovation Institute, Inc. (NJII), and ten urban renewal limited liability companies (UREs) (collectively, the University) at and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. This discussion and analysis has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

Since its founding in 1881, NJIT has been transformed from a local technical school to one of America's top tier national research universities. While moving steadily to increasingly higher levels of excellence in educational performance, NJIT has become a research and development hub, participating in entrepreneurial development and building business partnerships through research and development initiatives. NJIT has evolved into an international presence, both in the scope of its educational programs, including on-site and distance learning offerings, attraction of international students to its programs, and through the reach of its educational, scientific, and technological influence at international forums and in international research projects.

One of the nation's leading public polytechnic universities, NJIT is a student-centered, urban research university, committed to the pursuit of excellence in undergraduate, graduate, and continuing professional education, in the conduct of research with emphasis on applied and multi-disciplinary areas, in contributing to the economic development of the State of New Jersey (the State), and in service to both its local communities and the broader society of the State and the nation. With enrollment of over 11,400 undergraduate and graduate students in fiscal year 2017, NJIT offers small-campus intimacy with the resources of a major public research university. NJIT offers a diverse range of degree programs in an array of engineering and technology disciplines, computer and information science, architecture, applied sciences, management, statistics and actuarial science, including Ph.D. programs in nineteen professional areas, masters programs in fifty-nine specialties, and fifty-one baccalaureate degree programs. NJIT also operates a small business incubator whose mission is to accelerate the successful development of entrepreneurial companies through an array of business support resources and services.

NJIT was formally recognized as a body corporate and politic by The New Jersey Institute of Technology Act of 1995. The Foundation is a separately incorporated 501(c)(3) tax-exempt resource development organization that encourages private philanthropy on behalf of NJIT. NJII is a separately incorporated 501(c)(3) tax-exempt charitable organization that applies the intellectual and technological resources of NJIT to challenges identified by industry partners. The UREs operate residential buildings for NJIT student Greek organizations.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

The Financial Statements

The University's financial statements include a statement of net position at June 30, 2017 and 2016, and statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and of cash flows for the years then ended. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Financial Highlights

The University's financial position at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was sound, with total assets of \$850,476 and \$799,276, total deferred outflows of resources of \$44,834 and \$22,719, total liabilities of \$610,919 and \$563,257, and total deferred inflows of resources of \$3,308 and \$1,808, respectively. Net position, which represents the excess of the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources over its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, totaled \$281,083 and \$256,930 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The University's net position increased \$24,153 and \$5,778 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, primarily due to an excess of net non-operating and other revenues over the operating loss.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position presents the University's financial position at June 30, 2017 and 2016, and is summarized as follows. The summarized statement of net position at June 30, 2015, is also presented for comparative purposes.

	June 30,				
	2017	2016	2015		
Current assets	\$ 138,768	\$ 137,872	\$ 115,743		
Endowment investments	112,429	98,100	99,233		
Capital assets, net	476,822	393,043	338,984		
Other assets	122,457	170,261	216,693		
Total assets	850,476	799,276	770,653		
Deferred outflows of resources	44,834	22,719	6,534		
Current liabilities	81,754	76,827	56,740		
Long-term debt, noncurrent portion	352,058	334,027	343,361		
Other liabilities	177,107	152,403	121,363		
Total liabilities	610,919	563,257	521,464		
Deferred inflows of resources	3,308	1,808	4,571		
Net investment in capital assets	175,132	138,838	118,359		
Restricted nonexpendable	75,327	71,366	67,766		
Restricted expendable	48,314	58,022	79,636		
Unrestricted	(17,690)	(11,296)	(14,609)		
Total net position	\$ 281,083	\$ 256,930	\$ 251,152		

Current assets consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, grants and accounts receivable, net of allowances, deposits held with trustees, and short-term investments. The increase in current assets at June 30, 2017 as compared to June 30, 2016 of \$896 principally relates to increases in short-term investments and grants and accounts receivable, net, partially offset by decreases in cash and cash equivalents and deposits held with trustees. The increase in current assets at June 30, 2016 as compared to June 30, 2015 of \$22,129 principally relates to increases in cash and cash equivalents, deposits held with trustees, and grants and accounts receivable, net.

Current liabilities are comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the current portion of long-term debt, unearned advance payments, and amounts due to affiliates. The increase in current liabilities at June 30, 2017 as compared to June 30, 2016 of \$4,927 principally relates to increases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to affiliates, partially offset by a decrease in current portion of long-term debt. The increase in current liabilities at June 30, 2016 as compared to June 30, 2015 of \$20,087 principally relates to increases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and unearned advance payments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Excluding deposits held with trustees, which can only be used for debt service and facilities construction, and the current portion of long-term debt, current assets exceeded current liabilities by \$55,488 and \$58,104 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The University had \$89,773 and \$89,734 in cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments to fund current operations, facilities rehabilitation projects, and other activities at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments remained relatively constant in fiscal year 2017. The net increase in cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments at June 30, 2016 of \$18,857 principally relates to reimbursements from capital grants of a portion of the expenditures for the rehabilitation and renovation of an academic facility and advance payments from grants, and increased tuition and fees cash collections.

Endowment investments include gifts from donors, the corpus of which is to be invested in perpetuity, annuity funds, unrestricted funds established by NJIT as quasi-endowment, and the related income and appreciation. Endowment investments increased 14.6% and decreased 1.1% during fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, reflecting growth from new gifts, realized net investment gains, a net increase in the fair value of investments at June 30, 2017 and a net decrease in the fair value of investments at June 30, 2016, and endowment spending in both years.

Capital assets, at cost, increased 14.2% and 11.4% during fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. The fiscal year 2017 and 2016 increases primarily result from the construction of a parking facility, a wellness and events center, and a state-of-the-art research facility; commencement of Makerspace at NJIT renovations during fiscal year 2017; continued work on the rehabilitation and renovation of an academic facility; and other campus facilities renovations; partially offset by the write-off of equipment and other assets no longer in service, in both fiscal years. The parking facility and the rehabilitation and renovation of an academic facility were completed in fiscal year 2017, and completion of the Wellness and Events Center and state-of-the-art research facility is expected in fiscal year 2018.

Other assets are comprised of investments, investments – capital construction, deposits held with trustees, and other noncurrent assets. The decrease in other assets of \$47,804 and \$46,432 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, was principally due to the utilization of investments – capital construction and the collection of Building Our Future receivables, recorded in other assets, for capital expenditures in both fiscal years, and an increase in deposits held with trustees at June 30, 2017 resulting from a Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund (HECIF) capital grant and a decrease in deposits held with trustees at June 30, 2016 resulting from the reimbursement of capital expenditures.

Deferred outflows of resources consist of loss on defeasance of debt and certain changes in the net pension liability. The increase in deferred outflows of resources of \$22,115 and \$16,185 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, principally relates to contributions made on behalf of the University subsequent to the measurement date and certain changes in the net pension liability in both fiscal years, as well as the loss on defeasance of the advance refunding of a portion of the 2010 Series H Bonds, the 2012 Series A Bonds, and the 2012 Series B Bonds.

Total long-term debt at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$358,538 and \$344,565, respectively. During fiscal year 2017, the University issued 2017 Series A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$77,995. The proceeds of the bonds advance refunded portions of the 2010 Series H Bonds, the 2012 Series A Bonds, and the 2012 Series B Bonds and will also finance certain capital acquisitions. The

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

debt is composed of term bonds bearing interest rates from 3.887% to 4.357% maturing at various dates through fiscal year 2048.

In fiscal year 2017, the University was awarded a \$19,886 HECIF grant and \$114 from a second round of grant funding from the 2012 Building Our Future Bond Act for classroom and lab renovations. Chief among the projects will be the creation of Makerspace at NJIT, a state-of-the-art facility that will heed the call for innovation, invention, and production in today's burgeoning science, technology, engineering, and math economy. In addition, during fiscal year 2017 the State refunded \$6,051 of the University's existing HECIF debt, resulting in a gain of \$473, which is included in deferred inflows of resources.

Two-thirds of the fiscal year 2017 HECIF award was recorded as a capital grant, of which \$19,666 is included as deposits held with trustees at June 30, 2017. The University is responsible for the remaining one-third of the debt service payments and related program expenses. The HECIF debt bears interest rates between 3.00% and 5.50% and matures in fiscal year 2037.

During fiscal year 2017, the University's rating outlook from Moody's Investors Service was upgraded to stable. At June 30, 2017 and 2016, the University's bond ratings and outlook were as follows:

	June 30, 2017		
	Moody's		
	Investors Service	Standard & Poor's	
Long term rating	A1	A	
Rating outlook	Stable	Stable	
	June 3	30, 2016	
	June 3 Moody's	80, 2016	
		80, 2016 Standard & Poor's	
Long term rating	Moody's	,	

Other liabilities consist of net pension liability, other noncurrent liabilities, and U.S. government grants refundable. The increase in other liabilities at June 30, 2017 of \$24,704 principally relates to an increase in net pension liability. The increase in other liabilities at June 30, 2016 of \$31,040 principally relates to increases in net pension liability and other noncurrent liabilities, primarily the result of a new faculty separation incentive program.

Deferred inflows of resources consist of gain on defeasance of debt and certain changes in the net pension liability. The increase in deferred inflows of resources of \$1,500 at June 30, 2017 and the decrease of deferred inflows of resources of \$2,763 at June 30, 2016 principally relates to certain changes in the net pension liability in both fiscal years, as well as the gain on the HECIF debt refunding in fiscal year 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Net investment in capital assets represents the University's interests in land and land improvements, buildings and building improvements, equipment and other assets, and construction in progress, less related depreciation and amortization, and the debt incurred to finance their acquisition. Net investment in capital assets increased \$36,294 and \$20,479 during fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, principally due to the increase in capital assets discussed above, partially offset by depreciation expense in both fiscal years 2017 and 2016, a net increase in long-term debt during fiscal year 2017, and a net decrease in long-term debt during fiscal year 2016.

Restricted nonexpendable net position represents the original value of additions to the University's endowment and annuity funds. Restricted expendable net position includes gifts that are restricted to use for specific purposes by the donor, capital grants and gifts, endowment income, and other restricted resources. As discussed above, donor-restricted endowment funds represent gifts from donors that are to be invested in perpetuity. Annuity funds are given to the University to be invested with the stipulation that the University pay an agreed-upon amount to designated individuals for a period of time or for the beneficiary's lifetime, after which period the remaining funds become part of the University's endowment or are used for the purpose designated by the donor.

Restricted net position decreased \$5,747 during fiscal year 2017, primarily due to decreases in restricted expendable net position for capital projects, resulting from the expenditures of capital grant funds; partially offset by increases in restricted nonexpendable scholarships and fellowships and instructional and other as a result of additions to permanent endowments, and restricted expendable scholarships and fellowships and instructional and other, principally due to the net increase in the fair value of investments at June 30, 2017. Restricted net position decreased \$18,014 during fiscal year 2016, primarily due to decreases in restricted expendable net position for capital projects, resulting from expenditures of capital grant funds; restricted expendable net positions for scholarships and fellowships and instruction and other, principally due to the net decrease in the fair value of investments at June 30, 2016; partially offset by an increase in restricted nonexpendable net position for scholarships and fellowships and instructional and other as a result of additions to permanent endowments.

Unrestricted net position is all other net position that is available for general operations in support of the University's mission. Even though unrestricted net position is not subject to external restrictions, management, with the approval of the Board, has designated a portion of the unrestricted net position for the following specified purposes. The June 30, 2015 unrestricted net position is also presented for comparative purposes.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2017 and 2016

	June 30,				
	2017		2015		
Designated unrestricted net position:					
Quasi-endowments	\$ 15,452	\$ 12,384	\$ 13,141		
Instructional and other	3,811	2,902	3,790		
Construction and capital programs	29,600	31,770	22,265		
Wellness and Events Center construction	15,308	10,000	5,000		
State bond funds required match	256	9,925	16,140		
Debt service	6,542	6,546	4,804		
Outstanding purchase orders	8,558	7,398	5,000		
	79,527	80,925	70,140		
Undesignated unrestricted net position:					
Pension related	(124,766)	(116,512)	(109,399)		
Operations	27,549	24,291	24,650		
-	\$ (17,690)	\$ (11,296)	\$ (14,609)		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the operating results and the non-operating and other revenues and expenses of the University.

The components of revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows. The components of revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are also presented for comparative purposes:

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30,				
	2017	2016	2015		
Operating revenues:					
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 132,660	\$ 135,189	\$ 122,749		
Federal, State, and other grants and contracts	121,104	108,338	94,091		
Auxiliary enterprises, net	15,927	15,721	14,357		
Other operating revenues	5,823	3,974	3,267		
Total operating revenues	275,514	263,222	234,464		
Non-operating and other revenues:					
State appropriations	96,529	87,532	80,890		
Gifts and bequests, capital grants and gifts, and					
additions to permanent endowments	20,884	9,893	28,113		
Investment income	15,161	17	2,294		
Other non-operating revenues, net	2,152	4,084	3,411		
Total non-operating and other revenues	134,726	101,526	114,708		
Total revenues	\$ 410,240	\$ 364,748	\$ 349,172		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2017 and 2016

The components of expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows. The components of expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are also presented for comparative purposes:

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30,					
	2017	2016	2015			
Operating expenses:						
Instruction	\$ 109,424	\$ 104,479	\$ 91,111			
Research and programs	80,326	71,428	56,243			
Public service	2,022	2,077	1,989			
Academic support	31,328	30,438	27,091			
Student services	25,837	24,866	21,444			
Institutional support	56,990	52,346	45,683			
Operation and maintenance of plant	25,155	20,367	20,449			
Scholarships and fellowships	9,321	9,967	10,175			
Depreciation	26,887	25,568	22,178			
Auxiliary enterprises	9,111	8,299	8,569			
Total operating expenses	376,401	349,835	304,932			
Non-operating expenses - interest expense	9,686	9,135	9,386			
Total expenses	\$ 386,087	\$ 358,970	\$ 314,318			

Student tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprises, and State appropriations are the primary sources of funding for the University's operating expenses.

Student tuition and fees totaled \$132,660, \$135,189, and \$122,749, net of scholarship allowances of \$54,560, \$51,132, and \$46,588 in fiscal years 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. The fiscal year 2017 decrease is attributable to an increase in enrollment and tuition and mandatory fees increase of 2.0%, more than offset by an increase in scholarship allowance. The fiscal year 2016 increase is attributable to an increase in enrollment and tuition and mandatory fees of 2.9%.

Auxiliary enterprises revenues, net of scholarship allowances of \$4,710, \$4,554, and \$4,227 in fiscal years 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively, remained relatively constant at \$15,927 in fiscal year 2017 and increased 9.5% to \$15,721 in fiscal year 2016, principally due to increased occupancy and residence hall charges.

In accordance with GASB requirements, State appropriations are reported as non-operating revenues despite the fact that their purpose is to fund operating activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

The components of State appropriations are as follows:

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30,					0,
		2017		2016	- i i	2015
Direct appropriations for general operating						
purposes	\$	35,440	\$	35,440	\$	37,696
FICA and fringe benefits paid by the State for						
University employees		40,232		39,117		37,551
Fringe benefit equalization adjustment		20,857		12,975		5,643
	\$	96,529	\$	87,532	\$	80,890

The fiscal years 2017 and 2016 increases in State appropriations were the result of an equalization adjustment to the State's fringe benefit rate and an increase in fringe benefits paid by the State in both fiscal years, partially offset by a decrease in the direct appropriations for general operating purposes in fiscal year 2016.

Federal, State, and other grants and contracts revenues, which include facilities and administrative costs recovery, primarily fund the University's research and development activities and student financial assistance programs, and are comprised of the following:

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30,														
	2017		2017 2016		2017 2016		2017 2016		2017 2016		2017		2016		2015
Federal grants and contracts State grants and contracts Other grants and contracts	\$ <u>\$</u>	92,582 23,545 4,977 121,104	\$	80,635 23,590 4,113 108,338	\$ <u>\$</u>	67,804 22,092 4,195 94,091									

Federal grants and contracts revenues increased 14.8% and 18.9% in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, due to increases in research grants and contracts and student financial assistance grants. State grants and contracts revenues remained relatively constant in fiscal year 2017, reflecting a decrease in research grants and contracts, partially offset by an increase in student financial assistance grants, and increased 6.8% in fiscal year 2016 due to increases in research grants and contracts and student financial assistance grants. Other grants and contracts revenues increased 21.0% in fiscal year 2017 and decreased 2.0% in fiscal year 2016.

Private support from corporations, foundations, alumni, and other donors is an important factor in the University's growth and development. Gifts and bequests totaled \$3,511 and \$2,468, and capital grants and gifts amounted to \$13,964 and \$3,240, in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Additions to permanent endowments were \$3,409 and \$4,185 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Investment income includes interest and dividends, as well as realized and unrealized gains and losses. During fiscal years 2017 and 2016, investment income of \$15,161 and \$17 was due to interest and dividends, realized net gain on sale of investments, and a net increase and a net decrease in the fair value of investments at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Instruction, academic support, student services, and scholarships and fellowships expenses totaled \$175,910, \$169,750, and \$149,821 in fiscal years 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. The increase of 3.6% in fiscal year 2017 is primarily due to increased fringe benefits due to the fringe benefit equalization adjustment; increased classroom renovation expense and consulting services. The increase of 13.3% in fiscal year 2016 is primarily due to increased salaries and fringe benefits due to the faculty separation incentive program, the fringe benefit equalization adjustment, and pension expense; increased consulting services expense and computer software maintenance and licenses expense.

Research and programs expense increased 12.5% to \$80,326 and 27.0% to \$71,428 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, primarily as a result of an increase in Federal research and programs expenditures in both fiscal years and an increase in State research program expenditures in fiscal year 2016.

Public service expense remained relatively constant in fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Institutional support expense increased 8.9% to \$56,990 in fiscal year 2017, primarily due to an increase in salaries and fringe benefits, due to increased personnel and the fringe benefit equalization adjustment. Institutional support expense increased 14.6% to \$52,346 in fiscal year 2016, primarily due to an increase in salaries and fringe benefits, due to increased personnel and pension expense and the fringe benefit equalization adjustment, and increases in the allowance for doubtful student accounts and consulting and professional services expense.

Operation and maintenance of plant expense increased 23.5% to \$25,155 in fiscal year 2017 after remaining relatively constant in fiscal year 2016. The fiscal year 2017 increase is primarily due to increases in facilities repair and maintenance costs, salaries and fringe benefits, consulting services, and utility costs.

Auxiliary enterprises expense increased 9.8% to \$9,111 in fiscal year 2017, primarily due to an increase in residence hall operation and maintenance costs, and decreased 3.2% to \$8,299 in fiscal year 2016, primarily due to decreases in consulting and professional services expense and operation and maintenance costs.

During fiscal years 2017 and 2016, the University incurred long-term debt interest costs of \$13,861 and \$14,148, of which \$4,175 and \$5,013, respectively, was capitalized and will be amortized over the estimated useful lives of the associated capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Summary and Outlook

The University is in a sound financial position at June 30, 2017. Overall enrollment increased for the fiscal 2017 academic year. The University continues to pursue its strategy of enhancing its research and development activities. The University's fundraising activities are successful, and have generated a significant endowment.

Six of the seven bargaining unit contracts, with the exception of the Rutgers Council of AAUP Chapters, AAUP-AFT, AFL-CIO (UCAN) students/researchers contract, have been settled with effective dates through June 30, 2019. The University is currently in negotiations with the UCAN students/researchers unit for a successor agreement. Also, in the latter part of fiscal year 2017, NJIT and UCAN acknowledged UCAN as the exclusive representative of a bargaining unit for adjunct instructors. Negotiations have commenced with this new unit.

The University's endowment is managed with a broad-based asset allocation. The University's endowment investment strategy is designed to maintain purchasing power of pooled endowment fund assets, with an emphasis on total return, via a group of managers, each focused on their sector of the asset allocation, limited exposure to sub-prime investments, and the use of alternative investments.

As part of its long range plan, the University expects that its activities will continue to increase the total operating budget. As a result of the State's reduction in funding for higher education over the past several fiscal years, management initiated steps to increase alternative funding sources and to reduce expenses, including increases in enrollment, cost containment initiatives, a more aggressive research and development program, a more intensive fund raising program, and increases in tuition and fees. Included in the University's strategic plan are a greater emphasis on expanded outreach programs, increased scholarships, the establishment of new programs and extension sites in order to generate increases in enrollment, and the hiring of new faculty members who have a stronger inclination to become involved in research activities in addition to their teaching responsibilities in order to expand its research and development program. The University's efforts in these resource generating and expense management initiatives have been and are anticipated to continue to be successful.

As part of the approved State budget for fiscal year 2018, the University will receive \$10 million in funding for Makerspace at NJIT.

Management has been and will continue to be an active participant in the State's planning process, in order to ensure that its voice is heard and the University's needs are properly presented and considered in the State's financial deliberations.

All in all, the University's management is of the opinion that the University's financial condition is strong.

Statement of Net Position (Dollars in thousands)

At June 30, 2017 and 2016

	 2017		2016
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,042	\$	79,378
Short-term investments	68,731		10,356
Grants and accounts receivable, net	38,888		33,235
Deposits held with trustees	8,006		13,479
Other current assets	 2,101		1,424
Total current assets	 138,768		137,872
Noncurrent assets:			
Endowment investments	112,429		98,100
Investments	20,788		20,351
Investments - capital construction	63,317		102,037
Deposits held with trustees	24,287		9,913
Other assets	14,065		37,960
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			
of \$376,284 and \$354,147, respectively	 476,822		393,043
Total noncurrent assets	 711,708		661,404
Total assets	 850,476		799,276
Deferred outflows of resources			
Loss on defeasance of debt, net	4.564		1,696
Pension related	40,270		21,023
Total deferred outflows of resources	 44,834		22,719
Total deferred outflows of resources	 77,037		22,717
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	55,372		47,614
Long-term debt, current portion	6,480		10,538
Unearned advance payments	13,357		12,965
Due to affiliates	 6,545		5,710
Total current liabilities	 81,754		76,827
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt	352,058		334,027
Other noncurrent liabilities	13,860		14,444
Net pension liability	162,353		135,999
U.S. government grants refundable	 894		1,960
Total noncurrent liabilities	 529,165		486,430
Total liabilities	 610,919		563,257
Deferred inflows of resources			
Gain on defeasance of debt, net	625		272
Pension related	2,683		1,536
Total deferred inflows of resources	 3,308		1,808
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	175,132		138,838
Restricted for:	173,132		130,030
Nonexpendable:			
Scholarships and fellowships	63,318		50.092
	12,009		59,983 11,383
Instructional and other	12,009		11,383
Expendable:	10.069		22.005
Capital projects	19,968		32,885
Scholarships and fellowships	13,453		8,486
Instructional and other	10,605		8,281
Research and programs	944		855
Debt service	2,500		6,445
Loans	844		1,070
Unrestricted (Note 11)	 (17,690)	_	(11,296)
Total net position The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements	\$ 281,083	\$	256,930

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Dollars in thousands) For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Operating revenues		
Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances		
of \$54,560 and \$51,132, respectively	\$ 132,660	\$ 135,189
Federal grants and contracts	92,582	80,635
State grants and contracts	23,545	23,590
Other grants and contracts	4,977	4,113
Auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances		
of \$4,710 and \$4,554, respectively	15,927	15,721
Other operating revenues	5,823	3,974
Total operating revenues	275,514	263,222
Operating expenses		
Instruction	109,424	104,479
Research and programs	80,326	71,428
Public service	2,022	2,077
Academic support	31,328	30,438
Student services	25,837	24,866
Institutional support	56,990	52,346
Operation and maintenance of plant	25,155	20,367
Scholarships and fellowships	9,321	9,967
Depreciation	26,887	25,568
Auxiliary enterprises	9,111	8,299
Total operating expenses	376,401	349,835
Operating loss	(100,887)	(86,613)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
State appropriations	96,529	87,532
Gifts and bequests	3,511	2,468
Interest expense	(9,686)	(9,135)
Investment income	15,161	17
Other non-operating revenues, net	2,152	4,084
Net non-operating revenues	107,667	84,966
Income (loss) before other revenues	6,780	(1,647)
Other revenues		
Capital grants and gifts	13,964	3,240
Additions to permanent endowments	3,409	4,185
Total other revenues	17,373	7,425
Increase in net position	24,153	5,778
Net position, beginning of year	256,930	251,152
Net position, end of year	\$ 281,083	\$ 256,930

Statement of Cash Flows

(Dollars in thousands)

For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
Cash flows from operating activities				
Student tuition and fees	\$	137,667	\$	133,116
Grants and contracts		118,430		108,741
Payments for salaries and benefits		(201,770)		(178,617)
Payments for goods and services		(98,797)		(75,118)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships		(9,321)		(9,967)
Loans collected from students		657		356
Auxiliary enterprises		15,927		15,686 332
University programs Affiliates		388 833		360
Other receipts		6,900		3,969
Net cash used by operating activities		(29,086)		(1,142)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		(25,000)	-	(1,1 12)
State appropriations		52,883		47,346
Gifts and bequests for other than capital purposes		3,279		3,128
Additions to permanent endowments		2,956		4,013
Other receipts		2,414		11,683
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		61,532		66,170
Cash flows from capital financing activities				
Proceeds from capital debt		90,053		-
Other receipts (payments)		22,538		-
Mortgage payments received		139		126
Capital grants and gifts		13,754		1,035
Purchase of capital assets		(96,846)		(63,016)
Refunding of bonds		(68,214)		=
Principal paid on long-term debt		(9,719)		(9,495)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(15,408)		(13,259)
Purchase of investments – capital construction		(26,071)		(1,163)
Sale of investments – capital construction		64,542		27,983
Deposits with trustees		(44,246)		(19,485)
Withdrawals from trustees		35,345		29,767
Net cash used by capital financing activities		(34,133)	-	(47,507)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		90,342		29,567
Interest and dividends on investments		4,721		3,832
Purchase of investments		(151,712)		(32,202)
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities		(56,649)		1,197
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(58,336)		18,718
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	79,378		60,660
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	21,042	\$	79,378
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities				
Operating loss	\$	(100,887)	\$	(86,613)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:				
Depreciation		26,887		25,568
Noncash operating expenses		58,184		47,648
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Grants and accounts receivable		(4,534)		(2,885)
Other assets, current and noncurrent		(416)		82
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(9,547)		11,129
Unearned advance payments		392		3,571
Due to affiliates		835	¢	358
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(29,086)	\$	(1,142)
Noncash transactions:	<i>a</i>	40.067	Φ.	40.702
State appropriations for fringe benefits	\$	40,867	\$	40,702
Gifts and bequests for other than capital purposes		232		(685)
Investment income Gifts for capital purposes		416 210		2 205
Gifts for capital purposes Additions to permanent endowments		210 453		2,205 172
Additions to permanent endowments Capital assets		10,737		9,040
Capital leases		-		1,514
				1,514

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

New Jersey Institute of Technology (NJIT), a public research university, includes six collegiate units: Newark College of Engineering, Ying Wu College of Computing, College of Architecture and Design, College of Science and Liberal Arts, Martin Tuchman School of Management, and Albert Dorman Honors College; a graduate division; a continuing education program; and a number of research centers. Fields of study include engineering, computer science, architecture, applied sciences, management, statistics, and actuarial science. NJIT offers programs and courses leading to bachelors, masters, and doctoral degrees, and also conducts an extensive research program.

The New Jersey Institute of Technology Act of 1995 established NJIT as a body corporate and politic and determined that the exercise of NJIT's powers was a public and essential government function. NJIT has its origins in an 1881 New Jersey statute.

Foundation at New Jersey Institute of Technology (Foundation) is a component unit of NJIT. The Foundation raises and manages funds to support the further development and growth of programs at NJIT. Because of the significance of its operational and financial relationships with NJIT and because it exclusively benefits NJIT, the Foundation's financial statements are combined and reported on a blended basis with those of NJIT. Copies of the Foundation's financial statements can be obtained by writing to Foundation at New Jersey Institute of Technology, University Heights, Newark, New Jersey 07102, Attention: University Advancement Office.

New Jersey Innovation Institute, Inc. (NJII) is a component unit of NJIT. NJII applies the intellectual and technological resources of NJIT to challenges identified by industry partners in order to spur product creation and enhancement, develop solutions for sector-wide and/or company-focused challenges, and serve as a catalyst for regional economic growth. Because of the significance of its operational and financial relationships with NJIT, NJII's financial statements are combined and reported on a blended basis with those of NJIT. Copies of NJII's financial statements can be obtained by writing to New Jersey Innovation Institute, Inc., c/o New Jersey Institute of Technology, University Heights, Newark, New Jersey 07102.

Ten urban renewal limited liability companies (UREs) are component units of NJIT. The UREs operate residential buildings for NJIT student Greek organizations. Because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with NJIT, the UREs' financial statements are combined and reported on a blended basis with those of NJIT.

Pursuant to the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, NJIT, which is financially dependent on the State of New Jersey (the State), is considered to be a component unit of the State for its financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the financial statements of NJIT, the Foundation, NJII, and the UREs (collectively, the University) are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

(a) Basis of Presentation

The University's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the GASB. All significant transactions between NJIT, the Foundation, NJII, and the UREs have been eliminated.

(b) Use of Estimates

The financial statements include estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the statement of net position dates, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years then ended. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The University considers money market funds, investments with original maturities of three months or less, and investments in sweep accounts with original maturities of twelve months or less to be cash equivalents, except for those included in endowment investments and deposits held with trustees.

(d) Fair Value Measurement

The University's investments are measured at fair value using valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs are based on market assumptions. The fair value hierarchy is comprised of the following three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2: Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices in markets that are not as active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input significant to the fair value measurement. The categorization of an investment is based upon its pricing transparency and liquidity and does not necessarily correspond to the University's perceived risk of that investment.

(e) Investments and Deposits Held with Trustees

Investments and deposits held with trustees include investments in marketable equity securities, debt instruments, and mutual funds and are carried at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Hedge and other investment funds are carried at estimated fair value based principally on the Net Asset Values (NAV) reported by the fund managers, which are reviewed by management for reasonableness. Those estimated fair values may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, changes in the values of investment securities could occur. Such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net position.

(f) Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at cost or, in the case of gifts, fair value at date of donation. Expenditures for replacements are capitalized, and the replaced items are retired. Gains or losses resulting from disposal of property are included in other non-operating revenues, net.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis. The University's capital assets policy establishes the following capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives:

		oitalization hreshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land improvements	\$	50,000	20 years
Buildings and building improvements		50,000	20 to 40 years
Software		50,000	5 to 10 years
Equipment and other assets		5,000	3 to 10 years

(g) Due to Affiliates

Due to affiliates consists of amounts the University is holding as agent for the following entities:

	June 30,				
		2017		2016	
NJEDge.Net	\$	5,142	\$	4,298	
Student organizations		1,025		1,054	
Other organizations		378		358	
	\$	6,545	\$	5,710	

(h) Classification of Net Position

The University classifies its resources into three net position categories:

 Net investment in capital assets is comprised of land and land improvements, buildings and building improvements, equipment and other assets, and construction in progress of the University, net of depreciation and amortization and the indebtedness incurred to finance their acquisition and construction. Title to capital assets acquired through research grants and contracts remains with the University at the conclusion of the grant or contract period with the permission of the grantor.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

• Restricted nonexpendable net position is comprised of endowment and annuity funds. Endowments are subject to restrictions of gift instruments requiring that the principal be invested in perpetuity. Annuity funds consist of gift annuities and charitable remainder unitrusts (Unitrusts) which are given to the University to be invested with the stipulation that the University pay an agreed-upon amount to designated individuals for a period of time or for the beneficiary's lifetime. At the termination of the agreement, the remaining funds either become part of the University's endowment or are used for the purpose designated by the donor.

Restricted expendable net position includes gifts that are restricted to use for specific purposes by the donor, capital grants and gifts, endowment income and appreciation, and other restricted resources. Funds that are restricted are utilized only for the specified purposes.

• Unrestricted net position is derived principally from student tuition and fees, gifts and bequests, and investment income, and is expended to meet the objectives of the University. The University designates portions of its unrestricted net position for certain specific purposes (see Note 11).

The University's policy is to first utilize available restricted expendable, and then unrestricted, resources in the conduct of its operations.

(i) Classification of Revenue and Expense

Operating revenues are those that result from the provision of services related to the University's principal purposes of instruction and research, and are generally associated with exchange transactions. Non-operating revenues result from activities that are not directly related to the University's principal purposes, but that exist in order to support them, and generally consist of nonexchange transactions. Other revenues arise from nonexchange transactions, which provide funding for acquisitions of capital assets and additions to permanent endowments.

Interest expense is reported as a non-operating activity.

(j) Revenue Recognition

Student tuition and fees revenues are recognized in the period earned. Student tuition and fees collected in advance of the fiscal year-end are recorded as unearned advance payments in the statement of net position.

Grants and contracts revenues are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred. The unexpended portion of advance grant payments is recorded as unearned advance payments in the statement of net position.

Investment income, which includes interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains and losses, is recognized on the accrual basis. Gains and losses on investments are determined using specific identification, except for mutual funds, which are based on average cost.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Gifts and bequests are recorded upon receipt by the University. Pledges, other than endowment, are recognized as gift income and recorded at their present value. Additions to permanent endowments are recognized upon their receipt.

(k) Facilities and Administrative Costs Recovery

Facilities and administrative costs are recovered at rates specified under the various grants and contracts or at a predetermined rate negotiated with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the University's cognizant Federal agency, and are recorded as grants and contracts revenues as expenditures are incurred.

(l) Auxiliary Activities

Auxiliary activities consist primarily of residence hall and parking operations.

(m) Fringe Benefits Paid by the State

Certain fringe benefits for the University's employees are paid by the State. Such amounts (\$61,089 and \$52,092 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively) are included in State appropriations. The offsetting expenses are recorded within the appropriate operating expense categories.

(n) Risk Management

The University carries commercial insurance covering its risks of loss related to real and personal property, personal injuries, torts, errors and omissions, environmental damage, and natural and other unforeseen disasters.

(o) Tax Status

NJIT, the Foundation, and NJII have received determination letters from the Internal Revenue Service stating that they are organizations as described in Sections 115(a)(2), 501(c)(3), and 501(c)(3), respectively, of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and, therefore, are exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Code on income generated by activities that are substantially related to their tax-exempt purposes. NJIT, the Foundation, and NJII have determined that they do not generate any material revenues from an unrelated trade or business; accordingly, a tax provision has not been calculated within these financial statements. The UREs, which are wholly-owned limited liability companies, have the same tax status as NJIT.

(p) Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Investments, and Deposits Held with Trustees

Cash and cash equivalents, comprised of cash and money market funds, total \$21,042 and \$79,378 at fair value (\$21,042 and \$79,378 at cost) at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The cost and fair value of investments and deposits held with trustees, and their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy, are as follows:

			June 3	30, 2017		
				Fair Value I	Measurements	
	Cost	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV
Investments:		-				• •
Money market funds	\$ 43,695	\$ 43,695	\$ -	\$ 43,695	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of deposit	7,500	7,500	-	7,500	-	-
U.S. Treasury and government						
agency bonds	7,368	7,377	7,377	-	-	-
Commercial paper	6,439	6,492	-	6,492	-	-
Corporate equity securities	48,144	59,648	59,648	-	-	-
Corporate debt securities	8,490	8,440	8,440	-	-	-
Mutual equity funds	26,478	27,628	27,517	111	-	-
Mutual bond funds	76,372	76,454	76,454	-	-	-
Hedge and other investment funds	24,585	28,031			4,209	23,822
	249,071	265,265	179,436	57,798	4,209	23,822
Deposits held with trustees:						
Money market funds	32,293	32,293		32,293		
•	\$ 281,364	\$ 297,558	\$ 179,436	\$ 90,091	\$ 4,209	\$ 23,822

	June 30, 2016							
				Fair Value I	Measurements			
	Cost	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV		
Investments:								
Money market funds	\$ 13,397	\$ 13,397	\$ 12,118	\$ 1,279	\$ -	\$ -		
Certificates of deposit	3,000	3,000	3,000	-	-	-		
U.S. Treasury and government								
agency bonds	23,728	23,945	6,067	17,878	-	-		
Commercial paper	29,623	29,716	-	29,716	-	-		
Corporate equity securities	34,130	40,802	40,802	-	-	-		
Corporate debt securities	43,055	42,730	1,441	41,289	-	-		
Mutual equity funds	24,506	24,831	24,723	108	-	-		
Mutual bond funds	26,711	26,316	26,316	-	-	-		
Hedge and other investment funds	24,152	26,107	2,373		1,846	21,888		
	222,302	230,844	116,840	90,270	1,846	21,888		
Deposits held with trustees:								
Money market funds	23,392	23,392	8,990	14,402				
	\$ 245,694	\$ 254,236	\$ 125,830	\$ 104,672	\$ 1,846	\$ 21,888		

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

At June 30, 2017, endowment investments include \$2,516 of NJIT related funds. Endowment investments totaling \$4,076 and \$3,684 at fair value (\$3,395 and \$3,305 at cost) at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, are held and administered by external trustees, while the remainder are held and administered by the University.

Hedge and other investment funds are comprised of directional and multi-strategy funds, private equity, and real assets. The University is committed to invest an additional \$2,927 in these funds over the next several fiscal years.

Investments – capital construction represent the proceeds of the 2017 Series A and 2015 Series A bonds (see Note 6). These funds are separately invested, and are designated for the acquisition of certain capital projects and the costs of construction of the Wellness and Events Center.

Deposits held with trustees represent restricted funds held by The Bank of New York Mellon under terms of the revenue bond and debt agreements with the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA), and by U.S. Bank under terms of the general obligation bond agreements (see Note 6).

The University invests its endowment funds in accordance with applicable limitations set forth in gift instruments or guidelines established by NJIT's Board of Trustees and the Foundation's Board of Overseers. The University's investment strategy is to maintain purchasing power of pooled endowment fund assets, with an emphasis on total return. The following are the University's aggregate allocation guidelines by asset class: equities, up to 70%; real assets, up to 20%; multi-strategy hedges, up to 25%; and fixed income instruments, up to 35%. There are further allocation guidelines for specific investment categories within each asset class. The University may also invest in below investment grade bonds as equity substitutes within the overall allocation for equities.

Custodial credit risk - deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the University will not be able to recover deposits that are in that institution's possession. The University's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk - deposits. Cash and cash equivalents have a bank balance of \$24,843 and \$84,348, including cash held by depositories of \$1,295 and \$3,376 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, of which \$848 and \$845 are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Cash and cash equivalents of \$500 at both June 30, 2017 and 2016 are insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC); amounts in excess are neither collateralized nor insured.

Custodial credit risk - investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the University will not be able to recover the value of the investments that are in that counterparty's possession. The University's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk - investments. The University's investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured and unregistered and held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the University's name. At June 30, 2017 and 2016, \$293,482 and \$250,552, respectively, of investments and deposits held with trustees are either insured or held by the University or its agent in the University's name.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University's investment policy places no limitation on the ratings for debt instruments. U.S. Treasury and government agency bonds are considered to have no credit risk. The money market funds and mutual bond funds included in the University's investment portfolio are not rated. The University's investments in commercial paper and corporate debt securities are rated as follows by Standard & Poor's:

			Jur	June 30,				
	Rating	2017		Rating 2017 2			2016	
Commercial paper	A-1+	\$	3,494	\$	5,973			
Commercial paper	A-1	<u> </u>	2,998		23,743			
Total commercial paper			6,492		29,716			
Corporate debt securities	AA+		5		4,293			
Corporate debt securities	AA		5		4,268			
Corporate debt securities	AA-		274		6,338			
Corporate debt securities	A+		1,353		2,014			
Corporate debt securities	A		505		12,629			
Corporate debt securities	A-		1,692		7,881			
Corporate debt securities	BBB+		2,097		5,299			
Corporate debt securities	BBB		2,506		6			
Corporate debt securities	BBB-		3		2			
Total corporate debt securities			8,440		42,730			
		\$	14,932	\$	72,446			

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the University's investment in a single issuer. There is no limit on the amount the University may invest in any issuer. The University's investments are diversified and are not currently exposed to this risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The University's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30,

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

2017 and 2016, fixed income investments included in cash and cash equivalents, investments, and deposits held with trustees have the following maturities:

		June 3	30, 2017	
		Investm	(in years)	
	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	5 to 10
Money market funds Certificates of deposit U.S. Treasury and government	\$ 95,789 7,500	\$ 95,789 7,500	\$ - -	\$ - -
agency bonds Commercial paper	7,377 6,492	1,638 6,492	4,311	1,428
Corporate debt securities Mutual bond funds	$ \begin{array}{r} 8,440 \\ \hline 76,454 \\ \hline $202,052 \end{array} $	6,941 24,501 \$ 142,861	1,470 39,691 \$ 45,472	29 12,262 \$ 13,719
			30, 2016 ent Maturities	(in years)
		Investm Less	ent Maturities	· •
	Fair Value	Investm		(in years) 5 to 10
Money market funds Certificates of deposit	Fair Value \$ 114,573 3,000	Investm Less	ent Maturities	· •
Certificates of deposit U.S. Treasury and government agency bonds	\$ 114,573 3,000 23,945	Investm Less Than 1 \$ 114,573 3,000 16,361	ent Maturities 1 to 5	5 to 10
Certificates of deposit U.S. Treasury and government	\$ 114,573 3,000	Investm Less Than 1 \$ 114,573 3,000	ent Maturities 1 to 5	5 to 10

A portion of the University's endowment investments are held in an endowment investment pool. The cost and fair value of the pooled investments are as follows:

	June 30 ,							
	2017							
		Cost	Fa	air Value		Cost	Fa	air Value
Money market funds	\$	1,911	\$	1,911	\$	1,716	\$	1,716
Corporate equity securities		26,991		36,867		28,560		34,388
Mutual equity funds		21,954		22,586		14,090		14,054
Mutual bond funds		15,913		15,557		15,279		14,883
Hedge and other investment funds		24,280		27,690	_	23,848		25,754
	\$	91,049	\$ 1	104,611	\$	83,493	\$	90,795

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the average return for the endowment investment pool was 13.1% and (1.4%), respectively.

The spending policy for endowment funds requires an annual calculation based on a three year rolling average of the fair value per pool unit. The spending rates for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were 4.7% and 4.9%, respectively. The University complies with the State's "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act", which governs the management and use of funds held by it.

3. Capital Assets

The activity in capital assets and accumulated depreciation for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was as follows:

	June 30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Placed Into Service	June 30, 2017
Depreciable assets:			-		-
Land improvements	\$ 12,218	\$ -	\$ (1,593)	\$ 1,455	\$ 12,080
Buildings and building improvements	527,115	334	(399)	70,487	597,537
Equipment and other assets	113,712	8,819	(3,624)	5,853	124,760
	653,045	9,153	(5,616)	77,795	734,377
Accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	5,592	521	(916)	-	5,197
Buildings and building improvements	266,680	17,149	(229)	-	283,600
Equipment and other assets	81,875	9,217	(3,605)		87,487
	354,147	26,887	(4,750)		376,284
	298,898	(17,734)	(866)	77,795	358,093
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	18,375	-	-	-	18,375
Construction in progress	75,770	102,379		(77,795)	100,354
	\$ 393,043	\$ 84,645	\$ (866)	\$ -	\$ 476,822
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Retirements	Placed Into Service	June 30, 2016
Depreciable assets:		Additions	Retirements		
Land improvements		Additions \$ -	Retirements \$ -		
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements	\$ 12,218 520,186	\$ -	\$ -	Service \$ - 6,929	\$ 12,218 527,115
Land improvements	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727	\$ - - 8,517	\$ - - (2,963)	\$ - 6,929 1,431	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets	\$ 12,218 520,186	\$ -	\$ -	Service \$ - 6,929	\$ 12,218 527,115
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation:	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131	\$ - - 8,517	\$ - - (2,963)	\$ - 6,929 1,431	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727	\$ - - 8,517	\$ - - (2,963)	\$ - 6,929 1,431	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation:	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131 5,028 250,460	\$ - 8,517 8,517 564 16,220	\$ - (2,963) (2,963)	\$ - 6,929 1,431	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712 653,045 5,592 266,680
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131 5,028 250,460 76,011	\$ - 8,517 8,517 564 16,220 8,784	\$ - (2,963) (2,963) - (2,920)	\$ - 6,929 1,431	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712 653,045 5,592 266,680 81,875
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and building improvements	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131 5,028 250,460 76,011 331,499	\$ - 8,517 8,517 564 16,220 8,784 25,568	\$ - (2,963) (2,963) - (2,920) (2,920)	\$ - 6,929 1,431 8,360	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712 653,045 5,592 266,680 81,875 354,147
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and building improvements	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131 5,028 250,460 76,011	\$ - 8,517 8,517 564 16,220 8,784	\$ - (2,963) (2,963) - (2,920)	\$ - 6,929 1,431	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712 653,045 5,592 266,680 81,875
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Nondepreciable assets:	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131 5,028 250,460 76,011 331,499 307,632	\$ - 8,517 8,517 564 16,220 8,784 25,568	\$ - (2,963) (2,963) - (2,920) (2,920)	\$ - 6,929 1,431 8,360	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712 653,045 5,592 266,680 81,875 354,147 298,898
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Nondepreciable assets: Land	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131 5,028 250,460 76,011 331,499 307,632 18,375	\$ - 8,517 8,517 564 16,220 8,784 25,568 (17,051)	\$ - (2,963) (2,963) - (2,920) (2,920)	\$ - 6,929 1,431 8,360 	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712 653,045 5,592 266,680 81,875 354,147 298,898 18,375
Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Equipment and other assets Nondepreciable assets:	\$ 12,218 520,186 106,727 639,131 5,028 250,460 76,011 331,499 307,632	\$ - 8,517 8,517 564 16,220 8,784 25,568	\$ - (2,963) (2,963) - (2,920) (2,920)	\$ - 6,929 1,431 8,360	\$ 12,218 527,115 113,712 653,045 5,592 266,680 81,875 354,147 298,898

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

4. Supplementary Statement of Net Position Detail

		June 3	30,
	20)17	2016
Grants and accounts receivable:			_
Federal and State grants and accounts receivable	\$ 34	4,248	\$ 29,347
Student accounts receivable	3	3,906	6,286
Program services accounts receivable		1,159	1,175
Other grants and accounts receivable	2	2,272	773
Pledges receivable, current portion		796	678
Student loans receivable, current portion		276	268
Accrued interest receivable		131	283
	42	2,788	38,810
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	<u> </u>	3,900	5,575
	\$ 38	8,888	\$ 33,235
Other assets, noncurrent:			
Building Our Future Bonds proceeds receivable	\$	8,856	\$ 31,297
Student loans receivable, net		725	1,646
Mortgages receivable		3,417	3,556
Pledges receivable, net		259	467
Other		808	994
	\$ 14	4,065	\$ 37,960
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:			
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 10	0,217	\$ 15,576
Accrued interest expense	(6,244	7,128
Accounts payable - construction	22	2,864	12,127
Accounts payable - other		2,527	10,703
Other noncurrent liabilities, current portion		3,520	2,080
	\$ 53	5,372	\$ 47,614

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

5. Noncurrent Liabilities

The activity in noncurrent liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was as follows:

		June 30, 2016	A	Additions	R	eductions		June 30, 2017		Current Portion
Long-term debt Unamortized net premium	\$	325,103 19,462	\$	90,053	\$	(73,360) (2,720)	\$	341,796 16,742	\$	5,888 592
Total long-term debt		344,565		90,053		(76,080)		358,538		6,480
Retirement incentive programs		10,130		1,637		(1,946)		9,821		2,524
Annuity funds liability		904		121		(252)		773		136
Insurance liability reserve		1,442		-		-		1,442		-
Compensated absences		3,336		16		(414)		2,938		415
Other	_	712		1,925		(231)		2,406		445
Total other noncurrent liabilities	_	16,524		3,699		(2,843)	_	17,380		3,520
Net pension liability		135,999		29,743		(3,389)		162,353		-
U.S. government grants refundable	_	1,960	_	41	_	(1,107)		894		-
	\$	499,048	\$	123,536	\$	(83,419)	\$	539,165	\$	10,000
		June 30, 2015	A	Additions	R	eductions	,	June 30, 2016		Current Portion
Long-term debt	\$,		Additions 1,439		eductions (9,495)	\$,		
Long-term debt Unamortized net premium		2015						2016	_	Portion
· ·		2015 333,159		1,439		(9,495)		2016 325,103	_	Portion 9,708
Unamortized net premium		2015 333,159 20,168		1,439 75		(9,495) (781)		2016 325,103 19,462	_	9,708 830
Unamortized net premium Total long-term debt		333,159 20,168 353,327		1,439 75 1,514		(9,495) (781) (10,276)		325,103 19,462 344,565	_	9,708 830 10,538
Unamortized net premium Total long-term debt Retirement incentive programs		333,159 20,168 353,327 5,913		1,439 75 1,514 5,755		(9,495) (781) (10,276) (1,538)		325,103 19,462 344,565 10,130	_	9,708 830 10,538 1,392
Unamortized net premium Total long-term debt Retirement incentive programs Annuity funds liability		2015 333,159 20,168 353,327 5,913 977		1,439 75 1,514 5,755		(9,495) (781) (10,276) (1,538)		2016 325,103 19,462 344,565 10,130 904	_	9,708 830 10,538 1,392
Unamortized net premium Total long-term debt Retirement incentive programs Annuity funds liability Insurance liability reserve		2015 333,159 20,168 353,327 5,913 977 1,442		1,439 75 1,514 5,755 262		(9,495) (781) (10,276) (1,538) (335)		2016 325,103 19,462 344,565 10,130 904 1,442	_	9,708 830 10,538 1,392 159
Unamortized net premium Total long-term debt Retirement incentive programs Annuity funds liability Insurance liability reserve Compensated absences		2015 333,159 20,168 353,327 5,913 977 1,442 3,177		1,439 75 1,514 5,755 262 - 477		(9,495) (781) (10,276) (1,538) (335) - (318)		2016 325,103 19,462 344,565 10,130 904 1,442 3,336	_	9,708 830 10,538 1,392 159 - 325
Unamortized net premium Total long-term debt Retirement incentive programs Annuity funds liability Insurance liability reserve Compensated absences Other		2015 333,159 20,168 353,327 5,913 977 1,442 3,177 485		1,439 75 1,514 5,755 262 - 477 505		(9,495) (781) (10,276) (1,538) (335) - (318) (278)		2016 325,103 19,462 344,565 10,130 904 1,442 3,336 712	_	9,708 830 10,538 1,392 159 - 325 204
Unamortized net premium Total long-term debt Retirement incentive programs Annuity funds liability Insurance liability reserve Compensated absences Other Total other noncurrent liabilities		2015 333,159 20,168 353,327 5,913 977 1,442 3,177 485 11,994		1,439 75 1,514 5,755 262 - 477 505 6,999		(9,495) (781) (10,276) (1,538) (335) - (318) (278) (2,469)		2016 325,103 19,462 344,565 10,130 904 1,442 3,336 712 16,524	_	9,708 830 10,538 1,392 159 - 325 204

The current portion of other noncurrent liabilities is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Included in annuity funds liability is a net increase of \$300 and a net decrease of \$137 in the fair value of investments at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

6. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is composed of:

	June 30 ,			
		2017		2016
General Obligation Bonds:				
2017 Series A issue:				
Term bonds (interest rates from 3.887% to 4.357%, final				
maturity in fiscal year 2048)	\$	77,995	\$	-
2015 Series A issue:				
Serial bonds (interest rates from 3.00% to 5.00%, due on				
various dates through fiscal year 2032)		12,520		12,520
Step coupon bonds (interest rates from 2.50% to 5.50%, final				
maturity in fiscal year 2036)		15,080		15,080
Term bonds (interest rate at 5.00%, final maturity in		00.000		00.000
fiscal year 2046)		89,080		89,080
2012 Series A issue:				
Serial bonds (interest rates of 4.00% and 5.00%, due on		2 705		5 470
various dates through fiscal year 2028)		3,795		5,470
Term bonds (interest rate at 5.00%, final maturity in fiscal year 2043)		41,685		60,025
2012 Series B issue:		-1 1,003		00,023
Serial bonds (interest rates from 2.17% to 3.723%,				
due on various dates through fiscal year 2026)		15,025		25,390
Term bond (interest rate at 3.323%, maturity in fiscal year 2025)		5,630		17,310
		2,020		17,010
Revenue Bonds:				
2010 Series H issue:				
Serial bonds (interest rates from 3.75% to 5.00%,		0 125		20 075
due on various dates through fiscal year 2026) Term bonds (interest rate at 5.00%, final maturity in		8,135		28,875
fiscal year 2032)		21,205		21,205
2010 Series I issue:		21,200		21,200
Term bonds (interest rate at 6.41%, final maturity in				
fiscal year 2041)		20,450		20,450
2001 Series H issue:				
Term bonds (interest rate at 6.05%, final maturity in				
fiscal year 2017)		-		1,235
Other Long Term Debt				
Other Long-Term Debt: Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund		25,271		20,627
Equipment Leasing Fund		1,122		1,280
TD Master Leases		2,399		3,709
New Jersey Economic Development Authority note		1,506		1,657
Other		898		1,190
		341,796		325,103
Unamortized net premium on obligations		16,742		19,462
r		358,538		344,565
Less: current portion		6,480		10,538
·	\$	352,058	\$	334,027

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

The interest rates on all of the University's long-term debt are fixed.

The 2017 Series A Bonds were issued by the University for the purpose of financing the acquisition of certain capital projects and advance refunding portions of the 2010 Series H Bonds, the 2012 Series A Bonds, and the 2012 Series B Bonds. The advance refunding resulted in a fiscal year loss on defeasance of \$3,622. Aggregate debt service payments over the next thirty fiscal years will be increased by \$42,326, representing an economic loss (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5,735.

The University defeased portions of the 2010 Series H Bonds, 2012 Series A Bonds, and 2012 Series B Bonds by depositing funds into escrow accounts totaling \$63,604, which is sufficient to provide for the subsequent payment of principal and interest on the defeased indebtedness. These defeased bonds are not considered outstanding obligations of the University, and, therefore, neither the escrow account nor the defeased indebtedness are included in the accompanying statement of net position. There is approximately \$41,160 of defeased debt that remains outstanding to bondholders at June 30, 2017, which is expected to be fully redeemed by July 2022.

The 2017 Series A Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after July 1, 2027 at a price of 100%.

The 2015 Series A Bonds were issued by the University to provide funds to finance, in part, the costs of constructing a wellness and events center and a parking facility. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$13,556, which is being amortized against interest expense over the life of the bonds. The 2015 Series A Serial Bonds and Term Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after July 1, 2025, and the 2015 Series A Step Coupon Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after July 1, 2020 at a price of 100%.

The 2012 Series A Bonds were issued by the University to provide funds to finance, in part, the costs of constructing the Warren Street Village. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$6,463, of which \$3,738 remains after the advance refunding in fiscal year 2017 of a portion of the 2012 Series A Bonds, which is being amortized against interest expense over the life of the bonds. The 2012 Series A Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after July 1, 2022 at a price of 100%.

The 2012 Series B Bonds were issued by the University for the purpose of advance refunding a prior issue of revenue bonds. The 2012 Series B Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity at any time at a price equal to the greater of 100% or the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest.

The 2010 Series H and 2010 Series I Bonds were issued by NJEFA pursuant to an agreement with the University for the purpose of advance refunding a prior issue of revenue bonds and financing, in whole or in part, the costs of the acquisition, rehabilitation, and renovation of an academic facility and of campus deferred maintenance. The 2010 Series H Bonds were issued at a premium of \$2,489, of which \$683 remains after the advance refunding in fiscal year 2017 of a portion of the 2010 Series H Bonds, which is being amortized against interest expense over the life of the bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

The 2010 Series H Bonds maturing on or before July 1, 2020 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity. The 2010 Series H Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 2021 are subject to redemption prior to maturity on or after July 1, 2020 at a price of 100%.

The 2010 Series I Bonds have been designated as "Build America Bonds". Up to thirty-five percent of the interest payments will be paid by the Federal government. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, \$427 and \$428, respectively, of Federal government interest payments are included in interest expense and in other non-operating revenues, net in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The 2010 Series I Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after July 1, 2020 at a price of 100%.

The 2001 Series H Bonds were issued by NJEFA pursuant to an agreement with the University to provide funds to finance the costs of constructing a small business incubator facility. The University's mortgage obligations to NJEFA are collateralized by certain land, buildings and building improvements, and equipment. The 2001 Series H Bonds are not subject to optional redemption, except for extraordinary optional redemption as described in the debt agreement.

The Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund (HECIF) debt was issued by NJEFA to provide funds for certain construction and facilities improvements at the State's public institutions of higher education. In fiscal year 2017, the State allocated \$6,481 of new HECIF debt to the University and refunded \$6,051 of the University's existing HECIF debt. The refunding resulted in a gain of \$473, which is included in deferred inflows of the resources in the Statement of Net Position. The University is responsible for one-third of its allocated debt service payments and related program service expenses. The HECIF debt bears interest rates from 3.00% to 5.50% and matures at various dates through fiscal year 2037.

The Equipment Leasing Fund (ELF) debt was issued by NJEFA to provide funds to finance certain equipment at the State's public institutions of higher education. The University is responsible for twenty-five percent of the debt service payments and related program expenses. The ELF debt matures in fiscal year 2023.

The New Jersey Economic Development Authority (NJEDA) note, which matures in fiscal year 2028, is noninterest bearing and payable monthly. Imputed interest expense totaled \$67 and \$71 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The TD Master Leases were entered into for the purpose of financing the costs of an upgrade to the University's information technology and research infrastructure. The TD debt bears interest rates of 1.58% and 1.72% with final maturity in fiscal year 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

At June 30, 2017, deposits held with trustees included \$2,500 for principal payments on revenue bonds due on July 1, 2017. Payments due on long-term debt, including mandatory sinking fund payments on the bonds, are as follows for the fiscal years ending June 30:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 4,568	\$ 15,879	\$ 20,447
2019	4,985	15,348	20,333
2020	4,939	15,183	20,122
2021	5,976	15,157	21,133
2022	7,297	14,936	22,233
2023 to 2027	39,417	70,644	110,061
2028 to 2032	48,083	62,225	110,308
2033 to 2037	66,491	47,992	114,483
2038 to 2042	69,440	31,477	100,917
2043 to 2047	88,100	12,513	100,613
	\$ 339,296	\$ 301,354	\$ 640,650

The University has a line of credit agreement with a bank permitting it to borrow up to \$24,000 at the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus the applicable margin (from 0.9% to 1.2%) at the time of utilization. There were no borrowings against the agreement in fiscal year 2017.

Deferred loss on refunding associated with the University's long-term debt totaled \$4,564 and \$1,696, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,375 and \$1,799, at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Deferred gain on refunding associated with the University's long-term debt totaled \$625 and \$272, net of accumulated amortization of \$281 and \$161, at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Interest charges incurred in fiscal years 2017 and 2016 totaled \$13,861 and \$14,148, respectively. Of these amounts, \$4,175 and \$5,013 were capitalized in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

7. Compensated Absences

Eligible employees accrue vacation leave based upon time employed with a maximum accumulation at June 30 of 10 to 50 days. In addition, eligible employees who retire are paid 50% of their unused sick time up to a maximum of \$15 per employee.

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, accounts payable and accrued liabilities include accrued vacation and related fringe benefits of \$6,237 and \$6,407, respectively, and unused sick time of \$415 and \$325, respectively. At June 30, 2017 and 2016, other noncurrent liabilities include \$2,523 and \$3,011, respectively, of unused sick time. In fiscal years 2017 and 2016, payments for unused sick time totaled \$414 and \$318, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

8. Retirement Programs

General Information about Pension Plans

The University participates in several retirement plans covering its employees – the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS), the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), and the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP), which are administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division), New Jersey Institute of Technology Supplemental Benefit Program and Trust (the Supplemental Program) administered by the University's Board of Trustees, and the NJII 401(k) Plan (the NJII Plan) administered by United of Omaha Life Insurance Company. PERS, PFRS, and TPAF are defined benefit pension plans and ABP, the Supplemental Program, and the NJII Plan are defined contribution pension plans. Generally, all employees, except certain part-time employees, participate in one of these plans.

The State issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, which includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about the PERS, PFRS, and TPAF fiduciary net position. These reports can be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295, or obtained at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

Defined Benefit Plans

Public Employees' Retirement System

PERS is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan which provides coverage to substantially all full-time employees and certain part-time employees of the State or public agencies who are not members of another State-administered retirement system.

Membership is mandatory for eligible employees. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, including post-retirement health care benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for health care benefits, which vest after 25 years of service, or under the disability provisions of PERS. Benefits are determined by member's tier (based on date of enrollment), as defined in the PERS plan documents, member's age, years of service, and final compensation.

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. The current employee contribution rate is 7.2% of base salary. Employer contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate. The annual employer contributions include funding for basic retirement allowances and noncontributory death benefits. The State's contribution on behalf of the University (State Contribution) to PERS was \$6,455 and \$2,836 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which is recognized as a deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.

The University participated in the State's early retirement incentive programs and is responsible for retirement incentive program contributions to PERS, which were \$211 and \$205 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Police and Firemen's Retirement System

PFRS is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which provides coverage for substantially all permanent, full-time police officers and firefighters in the State.

Membership is mandatory for eligible employees. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A. PFRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, including post-retirement health care benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except disability benefits, which vest after four years of service. Benefits are determined by member's tier (based on date of enrollment), as defined in the PFRS plan documents, member's age, years of service, and final compensation.

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. The current employee contribution rate is 10% of base salary. Employer contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate. The annual employer contributions include funding for basic retirement allowances and noncontributory death benefits. The State Contribution to PFRS was \$1,303 and \$551 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which is recognized as a deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund

TPAF is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State is responsible to fund 100% of the University's contributions, excluding any of the University's early retirement incentive contributions. The University does not have any active members in TPAF.

Membership is mandatory for eligible employees. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, including post-retirement health care benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested in their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts. Benefits are based on member's tier (based on date of enrollment), as defined in the TPAF plan documents, member's age, years of service, and final compensation.

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. The State Contribution is based on an actuarially determined rate, and includes funding for basic retirement allowances and noncontributory death benefits for all participating employers. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the University recognized both state appropriation revenue and pension expense of \$155 and \$463, respectively, for contributions by the State.

The University participated in the State's early retirement incentive programs and is responsible for retirement incentive program contributions to TPAF, which were \$58 and \$57 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

Net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources amounts are reflective of the respective plan's published financial statements and actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

The University's respective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension expense related to PERS and PFRS, at and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, are as follows:

PERS		PFRS			Total
\$	138,898	\$	23,455	\$	162,353
\$	113,033	\$	22,966	\$	135,999
	0.473 %		0.498 %		
	0.476 %		0.535 %		
\$	35,810	\$	4,460	\$	40,270
\$	17,286	\$	3,737	\$	21,023
\$	693	\$	1,990	\$	2,683
\$	558	\$	978	\$	1,536
\$	7,476	\$	778	\$	8,254
\$	5,508	\$	1,605	\$	7,113
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 138,898 \$ 113,033	\$ 138,898 \$ \$ 113,033 \$ \$ 0.473 % 0.476 % \$ 35,810 \$ \$ 17,286 \$ \$ 558 \$ \$ 558 \$ \$	\$ 138,898 \$ 23,455 \$ 113,033 \$ 22,966 0.473 % 0.498 % 0.476 % 0.535 % \$ 35,810 \$ 4,460 \$ 17,286 \$ 3,737 \$ 693 \$ 1,990 \$ 558 \$ 978 \$ 7,476 \$ 778	\$ 138,898 \$ 23,455 \$ \$ 113,033 \$ 22,966 \$ \$ 0.473 % 0.498 % 0.476 % 0.535 % \$ 17,286 \$ 3,737 \$ \$ 693 \$ 1,990 \$ \$ 558 \$ 978 \$ \$ 7,476 \$ 778 \$

The University's proportionate share of each respective plan's 2016 and 2015 net pension liability was based on the State Contribution to the respective plans from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016 and July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015, respectively, relative to the total contributions from all participating employers.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

> The components of pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources						
	June 30, 2017					
	<u>P</u>	ERS	I	PFRS		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,956	\$	-	\$	2,956
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		2,295		731		3,026
Changes in assumptions		20,761		1,827		22,588
Changes in proportion		3,343		599		3,942
Contributions paid subsequent to June 30, 2016		6,455		1,303	_	7,758
	\$	35,810	\$	4,460	\$	40,270
		J	lune	30, 201	6	
	P	ERS	I	PFRS		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	1,580	\$	-	\$	1,580
earnings on pension plan investments		-		62		62
Changes in assumptions		8,616		2,355		10,971
Changes in proportion		4,254		769		5,023
Contributions paid subsequent to June 30, 2015		2,836		551		3,387
	\$	17,286	\$	3,737	\$	21,023
Deferred inflows of resources		_	_	•• ••	_	
				230, 201		TD 4 1
D'00		ERS		PFRS		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	203	\$	203
Changes in proportion	Φ.	693	_	1,787	_	2,480
	\$	693	\$	1,990	<u>\$</u>	2,683
		J	June	30, 201	6	
	P	ERS]	PFRS		Total
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	558	\$	-	\$	558
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		174		174
Changes in proportion				804	_	804
	\$	558	\$	978	\$	1,536

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

The State is legally obligated to fund TPAF on behalf of the University. The University's proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and the collective net pension liability of \$2,068 and \$7,578 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, are reported by the State.

The \$7,758 and \$3,387 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from State Contributions paid subsequent to June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, are recorded as deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 and fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be reflected in pension expense as follows:

	PERS	PFRS	Total
2018	\$ 6,620	\$ 323	\$ 6,943
2019	6,620	323	6,943
2020	7,316	434	7,750
2021	5,917	162	6,079
2022	2,189	(75)	2,114
	28,662	1,167	29,829
Contributions paid subsequent to June 30, 2016	6,455	1,303	7,758
	\$ 35,117	\$ 2,470	\$ 37,587

Defined Benefit Actuarial Assumptions

The University's net pension liability as of June 30, 2017 for each plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The University's net pension liability as of June 30, 2016 for each plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2015. The total pension liability for each plan was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

		2017	
	PERS	PFRS	TPAF
Valuation date	7/1/2015	7/1/2015	7/1/2015
· · · · · · · · · · ·			
Measurement date	6/30/2016	6/30/2016	6/30/2016
Inflation rate	3.08%	3.08%	2.50%
Salary increases:			
	1.65% - 4.15%	2.10% - 8.98%	Varies based
Through 2026	based on age	based on age	on experience
	2.65% - 5.15%	3.10% - 9.98%	Varies based
Thereafter	based on age	based on age	on experience
Investment rate of return	7.65%	7.65%	7.65%
Municipal bond rate - 2016	2.85%	2.85%	2.85%
Discount rate - 2016	3.98%	5.55%	3.22%
Experience study dates	7/1/2011 - 6/30/2014	7/1/2010 - 6/30/2013	7/1/2012 - 6/30/2015

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

		2016	
	PERS	PFRS	TPAF
Valuation date	7/1/2014	7/1/2014	7/1/2014
Measurement date	6/30/2015	6/30/2015	6/30/2015
Inflation rate	3.04%	3.04%	2.50%
Salary increases:			
	2.15% - 4.40%	2.60% - 9.48%	Varies based
2012-2021	based on age	based on age	on experience
	3.15% - 5.40%	3.60% - 10.48%	Varies based
Thereafter	based on age	based on age	on experience
Investment rate of return	7.90%	7.90%	7.90%
Municipal bond rate - 2015	3.80%	3.80%	3.80%
Discount rate - 2015	4.90%	5.79%	4.13%
Experience study dates	7/1/2008 - 6/30/2011	7/1/2010 - 6/30/2013	7/1/2009 - 6/30/2012

For the June 30, 2016 measurement date, PERS pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Pre-retirement Mortality Tables for male and female active participants (set back four years for males and females). In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Tables (set back one year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members and a one-year static projection based on mortality improvement Scale AA. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back three years for males and set forward one year for females).

For the June 30, 2016 measurement date, PFRS pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Pre-retirement Mortality Tables projected thirteen years using Projection Scale BB and then projected on a generational basis using the plan actuary's modified 2014 projection scales. Post-retirement mortality rates for male service retirements and beneficiaries are based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected one year using Projection Scale AA and two years using the plan actuary's modified 2014 projection scales, which was further projected on a generational basis using the plan actuary's modified 2014 projection scales. Post-retirement mortality rates for female service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected thirteen years using Projection Scale BB and then two years using the plan actuary's modified 2014 projection scales, which was further projected on a generational basis using the plan actuary's modified 2014 projection scales. Disability mortality tables were based on special mortality tables used for the period after disability retirement.

For the June 30, 2016 measurement date, TPAF pre-retirement, post-retirement and disability mortality rates were based on the experience of TPAF members reflecting mortality improvement on a generational basis based on a 60-year average of Social Security data from 1953 to 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

For the June 30, 2015 measurement date, PERS mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back one year for males and females) for service retirement and beneficiaries of former members with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year 2012 based on Projection Scale AA. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Tables (set back three years for males and set back one year for females) are used to value disabled retirees.

For the June 30, 2015 measurement date, PFRS mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected one year using Projection Scale AA and one year using Projection Scale BB for male service retirements with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year based on Projection Scale BB. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected fourteen years using Projection Scale BB for female service retirements and beneficiaries with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2014 based on Projection Scale BB.

For the June 30, 2015 measurement date, TPAF mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Pre-retirement mortality improvements for active members are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 until the valuation date plus 15 years to account for future mortality improvements. Post-retirement mortality improvements for non-disabled annuitants are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 for males and 2003 for females until the valuation date plus 7 years to account for future mortality improvements.

Discount Rate

The discount rates in the above tables used to measure the total pension liabilities for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF, respectively, are single blended discount rates based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments and the municipal bond rates specified in the tables. The municipal bond rate is based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rate of AA/Aa or higher.

For the June 30, 2016 measurement date, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State contributed 30% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based upon those assumptions, each plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2034, 2050, and 2029 for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF, respectively. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2034, 2050, and 2029 for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF, respectively, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after these dates in determining the total pension liability for each plan.

For the June 30, 2015 measurement date, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the average of the last five years of contributions made in relation to the last five years of recommended

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

contributions. Based on those assumptions, each plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2033, 2045, and 2027 for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF, respectively. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2033, 2045, and 2027 for PERS, PFRS, and TPAF, respectively, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after these dates in determining the total pension liability for each plan.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and the Division of Pensions and Benefits, each pension plan's board of trustees, and the actuaries. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of PERS, PFRS, and TPAF's target asset allocations as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	2017							
	PERS	and PFRS	T	PAF				
		Long-Term		Long-Term				
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real				
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return				
Cash	5.00%	0.87%	5.00%	0.39%				
Mortgages	2.00%	1.67%	2.00%	2.38%				
High yield bonds	2.00%	4.56%	2.00%	4.70%				
Inflation-indexed bonds	1.50%	3.44%	1.50%	1.41%				
Broad U.S. equities	26.00%	8.53%	26.00%	5.14%				
Developed foreign equities	13.25%	6.83%	13.25%	5.91%				
Emerging market equities	6.50%	9.95%	6.50%	8.16%				
Private equity	9.00%	12.40%	9.00%	8.97%				
Hedge funds/absolute return	12.50%	4.68%	-	-				
Real estate (property)	2.00%	6.91%	5.25%	3.64%				
Real estate (REITS)	5.25%	5.63%	_	-				
Commodities	0.50%	5.45%	0.50%	2.87%				
U.S. Treasuries	1.50%	1.74%	_	-				
Investment grade credit	8.00%	1.79%	_	_				
Global debt ex U.S.	5.00%	-0.25%	-	-				
U.S. government bonds	_	_	1.50%	1.28%				
U.S. credit bonds	_	-	13.00%	2.76%				
Timber	_	_	1.00%	3.86%				
Farmland	_	_	1.00%	4.39%				
Hedge funds - multi-strategy	_	_	5.00%	3.70%				
Hedge funds - equity hedge	_	_	3.75%	4.72%				
Hedge funds - distressed	-	-	3.75%	3.49%				

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

2016

	2016						
	PERS	and PFRS	TPAF				
		Long-Term		Long-Term			
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real			
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return			
Cash	5.00%	1.04%	5.00%	0.53%			
Mortgages	2.10%	1.62%	2.10%	2.54%			
High yield bonds	2.00%	4.03%	2.00%	4.57%			
Inflation-indexed bonds	1.50%	3.25%	1.50%	1.47%			
Broad U.S. equities	27.25%	8.52%	27.25%	5.63%			
Developed foreign equities	12.00%	6.88%	12.00%	6.22%			
Emerging market equities	6.40%	10.00%	6.40%	8.46%			
Private equity	9.25%	12.41%	9.25%	9.15%			
Hedge funds/absolute return	12.00%	4.72%	-	-			
Real estate (property)	2.00%	6.83%	4.25%	3.97%			
Real estate (REITS)	4.25%	5.12%	-	-			
Commodities	1.00%	5.32%	1.00%	3.58%			
U.S. Treasuries	1.75%	1.64%	-	-			
Investment grade credit	10.00%	1.79%	-	-			
Global debt ex U.S.	3.50%	-0.40%	-	-			
U.S. government bonds	-	-	1.75%	1.39%			
U.S. credit bonds	-	-	13.50%	2.72%			
Timber	-	-	1.00%	4.09%			
Farmland	-	-	1.00%	4.61%			
Hedge funds - multi-strategy	-	-	4.00%	4.59%			
Hedge funds - equity hedge	-	-	4.00%	5.68%			
Hedge funds - distressed	-	-	4.00%	4.30%			

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, calculated using the respective discount rate, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate are as follows:

		June 30, 2016						
	PEI	RS	PFRS					
	Rate Amount		Rate	Amount				
1% decrease	2.98% \$	162,680	4.55%	\$ 27,944				
Current discount rate	3.98%	138,898	5.55%	23,455				
1% increase	4.98%	119,314	6.55%	19,806				

		June 30, 2015						
	PER	PERS						
	Rate Amount		Rate	Amount				
1% decrease	3.90% \$	132,473	4.79%	\$ 27,652				
Current discount rate	4.90%	113,033	5.79%	22,966				
1% increase	5.90%	96,797	6.79%	19,159				

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

Alternate Benefits Program

ABP is a defined contribution retirement program administered by the Division for eligible full-time employees in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:18A.

Membership is mandatory for eligible employees. ABP provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, including post-retirement health care benefits. Employee contributions are immediately vested and non-forfeitable. Employer contributions vest after one year of service and become non-forfeitable. Disability benefits vest after one year of service; life insurance benefits vest after ten years of service; and health care benefits vest after 25 years of service. Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement income option selected.

The current employee contribution rate is 5% of base salary. Employees may contribute a voluntary additional contribution up to the maximum Federal statutory limit, on a pre-tax basis. Employer contributions are 8% of base salary up to \$141. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the University's contributions to ABP were \$8,012 and \$7,017, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

New Jersey Institute of Technology Supplemental Benefit Program and Trust

The Supplemental Program is a defined contribution plan administered by the University's Board of Trustees for ABP participants whose base salary is in excess of \$141, but not in excess of the Federal limit. All plan assets are held in trust. Employer contributions vest after one year of service and become non-forfeitable.

Employer contributions are at the discretion of the University, while employees may not contribute. The University's contributions were \$800 and \$525 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NJII SEP IRA and 401(k) Plans

Eligible employees of NJII participated in the NJII SEP IRA through August 31, 2015 and the NJII 401(k) Plan, which became effective September 1, 2015.

Employees eligible to participate in the NJII 401(k) Plan are able to contribute up to 5% of base salary, with an employer safe harbor matching contribution equal to 160% of the elective deferral that does not exceed the 5% of base compensation. The NJII 401(k) Plan is administered by United of Omaha Life Insurance Company. Employee contributions and employer safe harbor contributions and earnings are immediately 100% vested. NJII's contributions to the NJII 401(k) Plan were \$426 and \$228 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The NJII SEP IRA was a defined contribution plan and was administered by Security Benefits. Employer contributions were at the discretion of NJII and were immediately vested and non-forfeitable, while employees were not able to contribute. NJII's contributions to the SEP IRA was \$19 in fiscal year 2016.

9. Investment Income

Investment income is comprised of the following for the fiscal years ended June 30:

	2017		2016	
Interest and dividends	\$	3,184	\$	2,581
Realized net gain on sale of investments		4,625		615
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments		7,352		(3,179)
	\$	15,161	\$	17

Investment income of \$424 and \$1,119 was capitalized in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

10. Condensed Combining Financial Statement Information

The condensed combining statements of net position, of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and of cash flows for NJIT, the Foundation, NJII, and the UREs at June 30, 2017 and for the year then ended are as follows:

	At June 30, 2017							
	NJIT	IT Foundation NJII		UREs	Reclassifications/ Eliminations	Combined		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,689	\$ 1,869	\$ 353	\$ 2	\$ (1,871)	\$ 21,042		
Other current assets	114,178	606	2,935	16	(9)	117,726		
Due from NJIT	-	-	160	-	(160)	-		
Due from Foundation	657	-	-	-	(657)	-		
Capital assets, net	453,967	-	136	22,719	-	476,822		
Other noncurrent assets	122,182	112,704	-	-	-	234,886		
Investment in UREs	22,720				(22,720)			
Total assets	734,393	115,179	3,584	22,737	(25,417)	850,476		
Deferred outflows of resources	44,834					44,834		
Due to NJII	160	-	-	-	(160)	-		
Due to NJIT	-	2,526	-	-	(2,526)	-		
Other current liabilities	80,741	144	2,732	17	(1,880)	81,754		
Noncurrent liabilities	528,528	637				529,165		
Total liabilities	609,429	3,307	2,732	17	(4,566)	610,919		
Deferred inflows of resources	3,308					3,308		
Net investment in capital assets	152,277	-	136	22,719	-	175,132		
Restricted nonexpendable	-	75,327	-	-	-	75,327		
Restricted expendable	29,181	19,103	30	-	-	48,314		
Unrestricted	(13,099)	17,442	686	1	(22,720)	(17,690)		
Total net position	\$ 168,359	\$ 111,872	\$ 852	\$ 22,720	\$ (22,720)	\$ 281,083		

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

	For the Year Ended June 30, 2017						
	NJIT Foundation		NJII	UREs	Reclassifications/ Eliminations	Combined	
Gifts and bequests	\$ -	\$ 8,505	\$ 641	\$ -	\$ (9,146)	\$ -	
Grants from Foundation	10,925	=	-	-	(10,925)	-	
Other operating revenues	258,684		18,814	1,558	(3,542)	275,514	
Total operating revenues	269,609	8,505	19,455	1,558	(23,613)	275,514	
Depreciation	25,961	-	12	914	-	26,887	
Grants to NJIT	-	10,925	-	-	(10,925)	-	
Grants to NJII	-	120	-	-	(120)	-	
Grants to NJIT student fraternities	-	139	-	-	(139)	-	
Other operating expenses	333,385	3,089	18,659	1,830	(7,449)	349,514	
Total operating expenses	359,346	14,273	18,671	2,744	(18,633)	376,401	
Operating (loss) profit	(89,737)	(5,768)	784	(1,186)	(4,980)	(100,887)	
Gifts and bequests	-	-	-	-	3,511	3,511	
Investment income	3,008	12,153	-	-	-	15,161	
Other non-operating revenues, net	86,699	86	-	(1)	2,211	88,995	
Capital grants and gifts	13,519	-	-	292	153	13,964	
Additions to permanent endowments	<u> </u>	3,409			<u>-</u>	3,409	
Increase (decrease) in net position	13,489	9,880	784	(895)	895	24,153	
Net position, beginning of year	154,870	101,992	68	23,615	(23,615)	256,930	
Net position, end of year	\$ 168,359	\$ 111,872	\$ 852	\$ 22,720	\$ (22,720)	\$ 281,083	

	For the Year Ended June 30, 2017											
		NJIT	Fo	undation		NJII		UREs		assifications/ minations	(Combined
Net cash provided (used) by:												
Operating activities	\$	(19,404)	\$	(3,266)	\$	(545)	\$	(291)	\$	(5,580)	\$	(29,086)
Noncapital financing activities		50,683		3,041		-		291		7,517		61,532
Capital financing activities		(34,028)		-		(105)		-		-		(34,133)
Investing activities		(54,937)		(1,712)		<u> </u>						(56,649)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(57,686)		(1,937)		(650)		-		1,937		(58,336)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		78,375		3,806		1,003		2		(3,808)		79,378
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	20,689	\$	1,869	\$	353	\$	2	\$	(1,871)	\$	21,042

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands) June 30, 2017 and 2016

The condensed combining statements of net position, of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and of cash flows for NJIT, the Foundation, NJII, and the UREs at June 30, 2016 and for the year then ended are as follows:

	At June 30, 2016										
		NJITFounda		undation	NJII		UREs		assifications/ iminations	Combined	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,375	\$	3,806	\$ 1,003	\$	2	\$	(3,808)	\$	79,378
Other current assets	Ф	56,205	Ф	5,800	1,769		6	Ф	(3,606)	ф	58,494
Due from affiliates		30,203		314	1,709	'	3		(3)		30,494
Due from NJIT		-		-	2,117	,	3				-
	,	- 260.267		-	2,117		22 622		(2,117)		202.042
Capital assets, net		369,367		00 502	43	1	23,633		(2.500)		393,043
Other noncurrent assets		172,278 23,615		98,583	-		-		(2,500)		268,361
Investment in UREs			_	102.002	4.022	-	- 22 (14		(23,615)	_	700.276
Total assets		699,840	_	102,903	4,932	_	23,644		(32,043)	_	799,276
Deferred outflows of resources		22,719					<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		22,719
Due to Foundation		3,806		_	-		-		(3,806)		-
Due to NJIT		-		-	-		-		-		-
Due to NJII and UREs		2,119		-	-		-		(2,119)		-
Other current liabilities		74,271		166	2,364		29		(3)		76,827
Noncurrent liabilities	2	485,685		745	2,500)	-		(2,500)		486,430
Total liabilities		565,881		911	4,864	_	29		(8,428)	_	563,257
Deferred inflows of resources		1,808							-		1,808
Net investment in capital assets	1	115,162		-	43		23,633		-		138,838
Restricted nonexpendable		-		71,366	-		-		-		71,366
Restricted expendable		41,313		16,514	195		-		-		58,022
Unrestricted		(1,605)		14,112	(170) _	(18)		(23,615)	_	(11,296)
Total net position	\$	154,870	\$	101,992	\$ 68	\$	23,615	\$	(23,615)	\$	256,930

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2017 and 2016

	For the Year Ended June 30, 2016							
	NJIT	JIT Foundation NJII		UREs	Reclassifications/ Eliminations	Combined		
Gifts and bequests	\$ -	\$ 5,580	\$ 285	\$ -	\$ (5,865)	\$ -		
Grants from Foundation	8,555	-	-	-	(8,555)	-		
Other operating revenues	254,614	2,728	11,372	1,517	(7,009)	263,222		
Total operating revenues	263,169	8,308	11,657	1,517	(21,429)	263,222		
Depreciation	24,651	=	3	914	-	25,568		
Grants to NJIT	-	8,555	-	-	(8,555)	-		
Grants to NJIT student fraternities	-	126	-	-	(126)	-		
Grants to NJII	-	595	-	-	(595)	-		
Other operating expenses	316,628	2,839	11,477	1,909	(8,586)	324,267		
Total operating expenses	341,279	12,115	11,480	2,823	(17,862)	349,835		
Operating (loss) profit	(78,110)	(3,807)	177	(1,306)	(3,567)	(86,613)		
Gifts and bequests	-	-	-	-	2,468	2,468		
Investment income (loss)	1,624	(1,607)	-	-	-	17		
Other non-operating revenues, net	83,273	33	-	422	(1,247)	82,481		
Capital grants and gifts	10	-	-	-	3,230	3,240		
Additions to permanent endowments		4,185			-	4,185		
Increase (decrease) in net position	6,797	(1,196)	177	(884)	884	5,778		
Net position, beginning of year	148,073	103,188	(109)	24,499	(24,499)	251,152		
Net position, end of year	\$ 154,870	\$ 101,992	\$ 68	\$ 23,615	\$ (23,615)	\$ 256,930		

For	the	Vear	Ended	Inne	30	2016
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	NJIT		Foundation NJII		UREs		Reclassifications/ Eliminations		Combined		
Net cash provided (used) by:											
Operating activities	\$ (1,869)	\$	(2,979)	\$	(1,325)	\$	(422)	\$	5,453	\$	(1,142)
Noncapital financing activities	67,066		4,053		2,000		422		(7,371)		66,170
Capital financing activities	(48,486)		-		(46)		-		1,025		(47,507)
Investing activities	1,380		(183)		-		-		-		1,197
Net increase in cash											
and cash equivalents	18,091		891		629		-		(893)		18,718
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 60,284		2,915	_	374		2		(2,915)		60,660
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 78,375	\$	3,806	\$	1,003	\$	2	\$	(3,808)	\$	79,378

Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)
June 30, 2017 and 2016

11. Net Position

The components of unrestricted net position are as follows:

	June 30,				
	2017	2016			
Designated unrestricted net position:					
Quasi-endowments	\$ 15,452	\$ 12,384			
Instructional and other	3,811	2,902			
Construction and capital programs	29,600	31,770			
Wellness and Events Center construction	15,308	10,000			
State bond funds required match	256	9,925			
Debt service	6,542	6,546			
Outstanding purchase orders	8,558	7,398			
	79,527	80,925			
Undesignated unrestricted net position:					
Pension related	(124,766)	(116,512)			
Operations	27,549	24,291			
	\$ (17,690)	\$ (11,296)			

12. Commitments and Contingencies

At June 30, 2017, open purchase orders totaled \$83,635, primarily for construction and capital program and research expenditures.

In the normal course of business, the University is subject to various lawsuits and claims. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a significant effect on the University's financial position.

The University administers Federal and State grants and contracts, reimbursements from which are subject to review and audit by the respective sponsoring agencies. Such audits could result in disallowances and other adjustments. The University believes disallowances, if any, would not significantly affect the accompanying financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

(unaudited)

Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Last 10 Years

> Schedules of Employer Contributions – Last 10 Years

Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)

Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Last 10 Years* (Dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2017

		2017						
		PERS		PFRS		TPAF		
NJIT's proportion of net pension liability		0.473%		0.498%		0.00%		
NJIT's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	138,898	\$	23,455	\$	-		
NJIT's covered-employee payroll (for the year								
ended as of the measurement date)	\$	24,111	\$	2,654	\$	-		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to NJIT		N/A		N/A	\$	2,068		
NJIT's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee					Ψ	ŕ		
payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		576.08%		883.76%		0.00%		
total pension liability		19.02%		24.70%		22.33%		
				2016				
		PERS		PFRS		TPAF		
NJIT's proportion of net pension liability		0.476%		0.535%		0.00%		
NJIT's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	113,033	\$	22,966	\$	-		
NJIT's covered-employee payroll (for the year								
ended as of the measurement date) State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$	24,038	\$	2,391	\$	-		
liability attributable to NJIT		N/A		N/A	\$	7,578		
NJIT's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee						ŕ		
payroll		470.23%		960.52%		0.00%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		24.96%		29.07%		28.71%		
				2015				
		PERS		PFRS		TPAF		
NJIT's proportion of net pension liability		0.455%		0.509%		0.00%		
NJIT's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	91,665	\$	18,071	\$	-		
NJIT's covered-employee payroll (for the year	Φ.	22.701	Φ	2.240	Ф			
ended as of the measurement date) State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$	23,781	\$	2,249	\$	-		
liability attributable to NJIT		N/A		N/A	\$	8,415		
NJIT's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee								
payroll Plan fiduciary not position as a parcentage of		385.45%		803.51%		0.00%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		30.06%		34.70%		33.64%		

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)
Schedules of Employer Contributions – Last 10 Years*
(Dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2017

	2017				
		PERS		PFRS	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	4,327	\$	881	
required contribution		4,327		881	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		
NJIT's covered-employee payroll (as of fiscal year end) Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	24,911 17.37%	\$	2,625 33.56%	
		20	16		
		PERS		PFRS	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	2,836	\$	551	
required contribution		2,836		551	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		
NJIT's covered-employee payroll (as of fiscal year end) Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	24,111 11.76%	\$	2,654 20.76%	
		20	15		
		PERS		PFRS	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	736	\$	545	
required contribution		736		545	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		
NJIT's covered-employee payroll (as of fiscal year end) Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	24,038 3.06%	\$	2,391 22.79%	

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.