Center for Pre-College Programs New Jersey Institute of Technology

Assessment of Lesson Plans

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Why Evaluate Lesson Plans?



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Assure the Quality of Your Lesson Plans

Assure the Quality of Lesson Plans from Other Sources

(E.g., Internet)



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Quality Standards-Based Lesson Plans

- Have a specific standard (or portion of it) that maps to no more than 4 outcomes.
- Have lesson objectives stated in measurable outcomes.
- Have lesson activities that provide the opportunity to achieve the outcomes within the time period allowed for instruction.
- Include an assessment of the outcomes that demonstrate students' achievement of the skills and knowledge specified in the standard.



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Elements of a Rubric to Evaluate Standards-based Lesson Plans

- Standards or indicators appear in the plan
- Objectives derived from Content statement of standard
- Objective: Cognitive Knowledge *
- Objective: observable and measurable
- · Performance Descriptors
- · Lesson Activities
- · Evaluation of the lesson

* Based on the categories of Bloom's taxonomy.



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Standards-Based Lesson Plan Rubric Standards and 4 or more Full text of Standard and standards with No indicator trimmed indicators appear standards cited, in the plan unfeasible editing and feasible Objectives related. Objectives result in Objectives Objectives derived from unrelated to but not sufficient to student selected standard assess expected performance content standards learning in matched to content of standard standard Objective leads to Objective at Objective at Objectives: Value trivial product, or comprehension or analysis or higher no product knowledge level level Objective #1 Objective #2 Objective #3 Objective #4 THE EDGE IN KNOWLEDGE

Verb choice not	01 11 (
visible, e.g. "learn", "know"	Observable, for some students only or, does not display knowledge	Behavioral verb and product that can be evaluated
No qualifying statement to identify proficient performance	Qualifying statement vague w/out clear criteria of proficiency	Subjective and Quantitative expectations describe proficier product
	No qualifying statement to identify proficient	No qualifying statement to identify proficient display knowledge Qualifying statement vague w/out clear criteria

Standards-Based Lesson Plan Rubric (cont.)				
	0	1	2	
Lesson activities	Not provided or vague, no products evident	Student action clear but unlikely that objectives will result	Student actions likely to result in products of objectives	
<u>Evaluation</u>	No evidence that student products will result	Assessment tool does not match products of objectives	Assessment tools assure products of objectives are all produced	
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Lesson Topic: Models of Solutions and Concentrations PURPOSE: Give students a model to work with which will demonstrate the manner in which solutions are formed. Discuss Edilute solutions. Discuss dilute solutions. Discuss dilute solutions. Discuss the volumetric changes which occur. Apply use of the model to future learning. Classroom activities: Students are provided with two beakers, each containing different size plastic spheres. The volume of the spheres in each beaker is measured. The smaller spheres are poured into the beaker of larger spheres and the volume of the mix of spheres is measured.

Lesson Topic: Rate of Reaction

Learning Objectives: Students will be able to:

- 1. solve the problems using molarity by calculating the number of moles in the solution, and they will present the problems on the board.
- 2. collect the data of measurements during chemical change of reaction of Alka Seltzer in different temperatures and for different concentrations of drug as a function of time and draw graphs.

PARAMETERS TO EVALUATE STUDENT WORK PRODUCTS:

- · Lab report
- · Works well together in a group.
- · Listens to instructions.
- · Clean up procedures followed.



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Lesson Topic: Mass Transfer

- Aim: This practical aims to determine the rate of dissolution of boiled sweets in water and the factors which affect it.
- Classroom activities:
 - Rate of dissolution of a sucker is measured by measuring the change in diameter as a function of time under different conditions.
 - A beaker of cold water is stirred at different stirrer speeds.
 - Rate of dissolution is measured at different temperatures.
- Analysis: Compare the change in diameter for the different conditions studied. Then try to determine relationships for the rate of dissolution of the sucker, using what you know about diffusion and mass transfer.
- <u>Discussion</u>: Explain the differences between the results and how the relationships you have found account for these differences.



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Engineering Your Own Spectrograph

https://www.teachengineering.org/view_a ctivity.php?url=collection/cub_/activities/c ub_spect/cub_spect_activity7.xml

A Step Towards Discovery: Inquiry Skills in Science

Measuring Surface Tension

https://www.teachengineering.org/view_ac tivity.php?url=collection/duk_/activities/du k_surfacetensionunit_activities/duk_surfac etensionunit_act2b.xml



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